

Monthly turnover Trend estmates % change

S N

2001

МM

2002

% 0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0.0

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# RETAIL TRADE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) MON 6 JAN 2003

### KEY FIGURES

	Nov 02	Oct 02 to Nov 02
	\$m	% change
Turnover at current prices		
Trend estimates	14 519.9	0.4
Seasonally adjusted estimates	14 631.6	1.7

### TREND ESTIMATES

POINTS

**KEY** 

- The trend estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.4% in November 2002 compared with October 2002. This follows increases of 0.4% in both October and September 2002.
- The trend estimate increased in all states except for Victoria and the Northern Territory. The largest increases were in the Australian Capital Territory, New South Wales and Queensland.
- Over the three months to November 2002 the trend estimate rose by \$182m. The Food retailing (+\$90m), Department stores (+\$38m) and Clothing and soft good retailing (+\$37m) industries showed the largest increases, while Recreational good retailing declined by \$19m.

#### SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

- The seasonally adjusted estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 1.7% in November 2002 compared with October 2002. This follows no growth in October and an increase of 0.5% in September 2002.
- While November 2002 grew by 1.7%, November 2001 had no growth, despite both months increasing by 4.1% in original terms. The difference in the seasonally adjusted estimates is due to trading day influences in each month (i.e. the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc).

#### ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- In original terms, Australian turnover increased by 4.1% in November 2002 compared with October 2002. Chains and other large retailers (which are completely enumerated) increased by 5.6%, while 'smaller' retailers (the sampled units) increased by 2.1%.
- In original terms, Australian turnover increased by 7.3% in November 2002 compared with November 2001. Chains and other large retailers increased by 7.6%, while 'smaller' retailers increased by 7.0%.
- For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Jeremy Walker on Canberra (02) 6252 5451.

### NOTES

4 February 2003         6 March 2003         2 April 2003         6 May 2003         30 May 2003         2 July 2003         nges in this issue.         or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained n are: $ries$ Estimate         error         retail turnover (\$m)       15 217.7         15 217.7       139.7         rom preceding month (\$m)       598.0         40.0         a from preceding month (\$m)         598.0       40.0         a from preceding month (\$m)         598.0       40.0
$6 \text{ March } 2003$ $2 \text{ April } 2003$ $6 \text{ May } 2003$ $30 \text{ May } 2003$ $2 \text{ July } 2003$ nges in this issue. The Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained in are: $\frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{ries}} = \frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{error}}$ The teal turnover $(\$m)$ 15 217.7 139.7 rom preceding month $(\$m)$ 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month $(\$m)$ 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month $(\$m)$ 4.1 0.3
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \text{ April 2003} \\ 6 \text{ May 2003} \\ 30 \text{ May 2003} \\ 2 \text{ July 2003} \end{array}$ nges in this issue. or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained in are: $\frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{ries}} = \frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{error}}$ retail turnover (\$m) $\begin{array}{c} 15 \ 217.7 \\ 598.0 \\ 40.0 \\ 1.0 \ .0 \end{array}$
$6 \text{ May } 2003$ $30 \text{ May } 2003$ $2 \text{ July } 2003$ nges in this issue. or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained n are: $\frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{ries}} = \frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{error}}$ retail turnover (\$m) 15 217.7 139.7 rom preceding month (\$m) 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month (%) 4.1 0.3
$30 \text{ May } 2003$ $2 \text{ July } 2003$ nges in this issue. or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained n are: $\frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{ries}} = \frac{\text{Standard}}{\text{error}}$ retail turnover (\$m) 15 217.7 139.7 rom preceding month (\$m) 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month (%) 4.1 0.3
2 July 2003 nges in this issue. or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained n are: $\frac{Standard}{ries} = \frac{Standard}{error}$ retail turnover (\$m) 15 217.7 139.7 rom preceding month (\$m) 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month (%) 4.1 0.3
nges in this issue. or the Australian estimates (original data) for November 2002 contained n are: $\frac{Standard}{ries} = \frac{Standard}{Estimate} = error$ retail turnover (\$m) 15 217.7 139.7 rom preceding month (\$m) 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month (%) 4.1 0.3
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riesEstimateerrorretail turnover $($m)$ 15 217.7139.7rom preceding month $($m)$ 598.040.0e from preceding month $(\%)$ 4.10.3
riesEstimateerrorretail turnover $($m)$ 15 217.7139.7rom preceding month $($m)$ 598.040.0e from preceding month $(\%)$ 4.10.3
retail turnover (\$m)       15 217.7       139.7         rom preceding month (\$m)       598.0       40.0         e from preceding month (%)       4.1       0.3
rom preceding month (\$m) 598.0 40.0 e from preceding month (%) 4.1 0.3
and husinesses in the first menth of each quarter can be influenced by
npled businesses in the first month of each quarter can be influenced by ation of approximately 10% of sampled businesses. This rotation is done porting load across retailers. At times, the businesses rotated in to the arm differently from the businesses they replace or those already in the ential impact of the quarterly rotation is reflected in the sampling errors months.
ation see the Explanatory notes, paragraphs 29–32, or contact Jeremy 2 5451.
ıstralian Business Number
istralian Bureau of Statistics
istralian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
istralian Taxation Office
ot elsewhere classified
ıy-as-you-go withholding
pe of activity unit

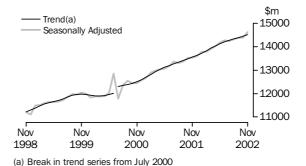
Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

#### INDUSTRY TRENDS

#### MONTHLY SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES

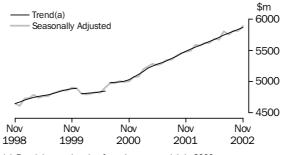
TOTAL RETAIL

There has been moderate growth in the trend estimate in each of the last seven months. The Food retailing industry has had moderate growth in each of these months, while Clothing and soft good retailing and Department stores are showing strong trend growth for at least the last three months. Recreational good retailing has been in decline for four months.





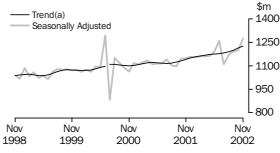
Moderate trend growth continued in October 2002. New South Wales and Victoria has had moderate growth for at least the last eight months, while Western Australia has had moderate to strong growth over this period.



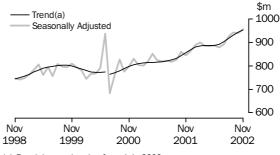
(a) Break in trend series from January and July 2000

#### DEPARTMENT STORES

The trend growth rate has been increasing since June 2002 with strong growth over the last three months. All states and territories exhibited strong growth in at least two of the last three months.



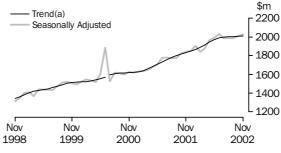
CLOTHING AND SOFT GOOD RETAILING There has been strong trend growth in each of the last five months. New South Wales, Queensland and South Australia have had strong growth in each of these months, while Victoria had moderate trend growth in October and November 2002 after a period of strong growth. Tasmania has been in decline for eight months.



<sup>(</sup>a) Break in trend series from July 2000

#### HOUSEHOLD GOOD RETAILING

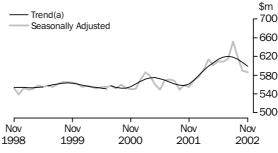
Trend growth has been weak for the last four months after at least twelve months of strong to moderate growth. New South Wales has had strong trend growth since February 2002, while Victoria has been in decline for the last five months. Queensland, Tasmania and the Northern Territory were in decline in November 2002.



<sup>(</sup>a) Break in trend series from July 2000

### RECREATIONAL GOOD RETAILING

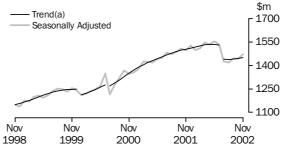
The trend has been in decline for the last four months. The trend for all states and territories except South Australia has been in decline or flat for at least the last four months, while South Australia has shown strong growth over the last six months.



(a) Break in trend series from June 1999 and July 2000

OTHER RETAILING

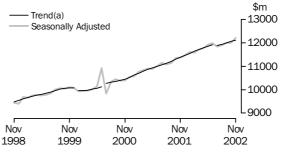
The trend growth has been weak to moderate over the last three months. While South Australia and Western Australia have had large declines in the trend over the last four months, Queensland has had strong growth since August 2002.



(a) Break in trend series from January 2000, July 2000 and July 2002

### TOTAL RETAIL (EXCLUDING HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES)

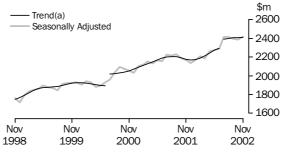
The rate of growth in these two series has been similar for the last four months. The shift in level from June to July 2002 is due to the trend break in the Other Retailing industry.

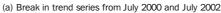


(a) Break in trend series from January 2000, July 2000 and July 2002

#### HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES

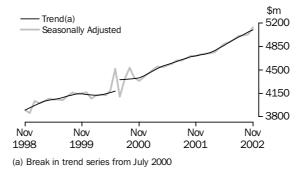
There was strong growth in the trend estimate from March 2002 to June 2002, but since August 2002 the rate of trend growth has been decreasing with weak growth in the last three months. For the last four months at least, the trend growth has been strong in Western Australia, Tasmania and Queensland, and in decline in Victoria.





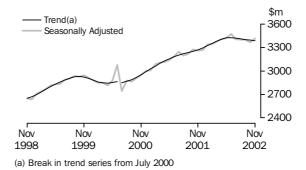
NEW SOUTH WALES

After five months of strong trend growth, there was moderate growth in the last three months. Household good retailing, Clothing and soft good retailing and Department stores had strong growth in each of the last ten, five and three months respectively. The recreational good retailing industry has been in decline for the last five months.



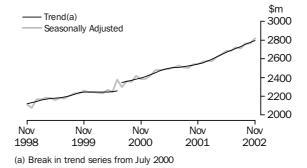
#### VICTORIA

Trend growth has been in decline in each of the last five months. The trend for all industries except Food retailing, Department stores and Clothing and soft good retailing have been in decline for the last three months. After ten months of strong growth, Clothing and soft good retailing had moderate growth in each of the last two months.



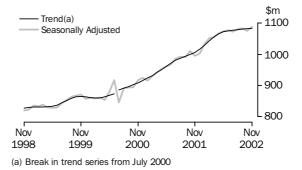
#### QUEENSLAND

The monthly rate of trend growth has been between 0.7% and 0.9% since January 2002. There has been strong trend growth in the Department stores, Clothing and soft good retailing, Other retailing and Hospitality and services industries in each of the last four months.



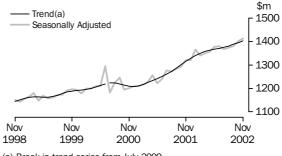
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

The rate of trend growth has been decreasing since February 2002, with weak growth in each of the last six months. Strong growth in Department stores, Clothing and soft good retailing and Recreational good retailing has been offset by declines in the Household good retailing and Other retailing industries.



#### WESTERN AUSTRALIA

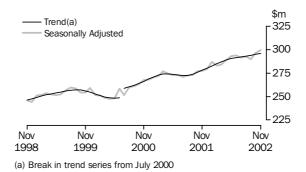
There has been moderate trend growth in each of the last five months. In each of these months, the Recreational good retailing and Other retailing industries have been in decline while Department stores has been strong. The Hospitality and services industries has had strong growth for over twelve months.



(a) Break in trend series from July 2000

#### TASMANIA

There has been moderate trend growth in each of the last two months. The Hospitality and services industry has had strong trend growth in each of the last eight months. The Clothing and soft good retailing and the Recreational good retailing industries have been in decline in each of the last seven months.



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### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)

			Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • •			ORIGII	NAL (\$ mi	llion)		•••••	• • • • • • • • •
2001					- ,			
September	5 230.2	991.9	784.6	1 697.2	520.3	1 424.4	2 181.2	12 829.8
October	5 513.3	1 109.7	863.7	1 854.3	545.2	1 526.9	2 209.6	13 622.6
November	5 583.9	1 320.9	886.0	1 947.7	588.7	1 620.6	2 228.0	14 175.9
December	6 246.6	2 235.0	1 241.7	2 374.9	810.1	2 180.3	2 451.9	17 540.6
2002								
January	5 737.4	1 011.3	867.6	1 895.3	576.2	1 396.1	2 179.1	13 663.0
February	5 150.4	824.6	706.7	1 643.8	530.7	1 315.9	2 020.0	12 192.2
March	5 761.1	1 021.8	804.7	1 777.3	589.2	1 430.6	2 216.6	13 601.2
April	5 408.1	1 053.6	863.5	1 816.0	560.8	1 438.3	2 180.8	13 321.2
May	5 693.4	1 164.1	932.6	1 937.4	579.8	1 548.7	2 231.0	14 086.9
June	5 356.5	1 120.7	842.8	1 964.6	546.8	1 410.2	2 161.7	13 403.2
July	5 636.6	1 053.4	868.3	1 947.2	591.4	1 352.1	2 381.3	13 830.3
August	5 793.5	1 042.8	862.7	1 965.3	641.3	1 399.0	2 440.4	14 144.9
September	5 557.1	1 038.1	887.0	1 915.7	585.9	1 389.6	2 353.0	13 726.4
October	5 963.7	1 187.7	952.7	2 047.6	579.8	1 474.2	2 414.0	14 619.7
November	5 965.8	1 470.3	1 003.9	2 128.8	616.9	1 567.7	2 464.2	15 217.7
• • • • • • • • • • • • •		оссл оссл			) (\$ million	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •
0004		SEA	SUNALLY	ADJUSTEL	) (\$ miiioi	1)		
2001	E 440 Z	1 007 7	005.0	4 77 4 0	540.0	4 400 0	0.007.4	40.070 5
September	5 412.7	1 097.7	825.0	1 774.6	548.6	1 486.8	2 227.1	13 372.5
October	5 456.0	1 144.4	859.6	1 822.5	558.2	1 508.2	2 189.5	13 538.4
November	5 482.3	1 149.1	845.4	1 840.1	554.6	1 495.9	2 169.9	13 537.2
December	5 499.6	1 158.0	864.2	1 847.7	568.8	1 529.4	2 134.4	13 602.1
2002				4 007 0				
January	5 586.9	1 153.4	889.4	1 907.0	577.5	1 499.1	2 169.9	13 783.1
February	5 576.2	1 161.9	899.3	1 839.7	592.0	1 512.1	2 207.6	13 788.7
March	5 621.0	1 161.1	886.4	1 876.6	613.8	1 546.8	2 183.3	13 889.0
April	5 621.6	1 163.1	884.1	1 968.0	601.8	1 536.5	2 259.5	14 034.6
May	5 685.1	1 189.3	887.8	1 989.0	609.2	1 553.9	2 272.5	14 186.8
June	5 672.6	1 259.8	878.9	2 032.2	608.7	1 536.6	2 289.0	14 277.8
July	5 809.7	1 108.6	892.4	1 986.2	614.5	1 427.1	2 414.3	14 252.8
August	5 755.3	1 169.4	925.6	1 988.3	652.0	1 420.1	2 413.7	14 324.5
September	5 812.1	1 190.7	942.4	1 987.1	617.5	1 444.6	2 394.6	14 389.0
October	5 813.1	1 199.8	940.7	2 011.5	589.2	1 442.4	2 387.4	14 384.0
November	5 895.1	1 275.0	956.9	2 027.9	586.2	1 472.9	2 417.5	14 631.6
	• • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••			• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
		I	REND ESI	IMAIES (	\$ million)			
2001								
September	5 407.4	1 123.8	832.7	1 799.1	558.2	1 490.2	2 202.8	13 414.4
October	5 446.9	1 132.4	843.8	1 817.0	557.5	1 498.3	2 190.9	13 486.1
November	5 485.0	1 141.4	856.9	1 832.8	561.1	1 504.4	2 176.5	13 557.5
December	5 521.4	1 149.8	870.1	1 847.4	569.1	1 510.4	2 168.1	13 634.2
2002								
January	5 553.6	1 156.9	880.4	1 865.1	579.8	1 517.7	2 170.7	13 723.8
February	5 583.4	1 162.8	886.1	1 888.1	590.1	1 526.2	2 186.3	13 825.0
March	5 612.6	1 167.2	887.2	1 915.8	598.9	1 533.1	2 212.0	13 931.6
April	5 644.0	1 171.6	886.6	1 945.7	606.7	1 536.8	2 243.0	14 040.3
May	5 676.7	1 174.5	887.5	1 972.4	613.8	1 535.7	2 272.3	14 137.2
June	5 710.2	1 177.0	892.5	1 990.8	618.4	1 531.1	2 294.8	14 215.4
July	5 744.7	1 181.2	903.2	1 999.9	619.9	(b)1 440.4	(b)2 390.4	14 280.4
August	5 778.1	1 188.7	917.0	2 002.2	618.2	1 438.4	2 399.7	14 338.4
September	5 809.9	1 199.9	931.0	2 003.8	613.6	1 440.5	2 405.2	14 398.2
October	5 840.9	1 213.5	943.5	2 006.6	607.1	1 445.1	2 408.5	14 460.9
November	5 868.4	1 227.0	954.0	2 010.2	598.8	1 450.4	2 411.5	14 519.9

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) Break in series. See the 'Trend Estimates' section of the Explanatory Notes.

			Clothing and					
	Food	Department	soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Tota
	• • • • • • • •		(0/ aband		•••••		• • • • • • • • • •	
		URIGINAL	(% chang	ge from p	receding m	onth)		
2001	o =				0.5			
September	-2.7	5.3	4.2	-3.8	-6.5	-2.4	-2.8	-2.0
October November	5.4 1.3	11.9 19.0	10.1 2.6	9.3 5.0	4.8 8.0	7.2 6.1	1.3 0.8	6.2 4.1
December	1.3 11.9	19.0 69.2	40.1	21.9	37.6	34.5	10.0	23.7
2002	11.5	03.2	40.1	21.5	51.0	54.5	10.0	20.1
January	-8.2	-54.8	-30.1	-20.2	-28.9	-36.0	-11.1	-22.1
February	-10.2	-18.5	-18.5	-13.3	-7.9	-5.7	-7.3	-10.8
March	11.9	23.9	13.9	8.1	11.0	8.7	9.7	11.6
April	-6.1	3.1	7.3	2.2	-4.8	0.5	-1.6	-2.1
May	5.3	10.5	8.0	6.7	3.4	7.7	2.3	5.7
June	-5.9	-3.7	-9.6	1.4	-5.7	-8.9	-3.1	-4.9
July	5.2	-6.0	3.0	-0.9	8.2	-4.1	10.2	3.2
August	2.8	-1.0	-0.6	0.9	8.4	3.5	2.5	2.3
September	-4.1	-0.4	2.8	-2.5	-8.6	-0.7	-3.6	-3.0
October	7.3	14.4	7.4	6.9	-1.0	6.1	2.6	6.5
November	0.0	23.8	5.4	4.0	6.4	6.3	2.1	4.1
	SEASO	NALLY AD.	USTED (9	6 change	from prece	ding mor	nth)	
2001								
September	1.1	-0.4	1.0	0.0	-3.4	1.0	0.4	0.5
October	0.8	4.3	4.2	2.7	-3.4	1.0	-1.7	1.2
November	0.8	4.3 0.4	-1.7	1.0	-0.6	-0.8	-0.9	0.0
December	0.3	0.8	2.2	0.4	2.6	2.2	-1.6	0.5
2002	0.0	010		011	2.0		210	0.0
January	1.6	-0.4	2.9	3.2	1.5	-2.0	1.7	1.3
February	-0.2	0.7	1.1	-3.5	2.5	0.9	1.7	0.0
March	0.8	-0.1	-1.4	2.0	3.7	2.3	-1.1	0.7
April	0.0	0.2	-0.3	4.9	-2.0	-0.7	3.5	1.0
May	1.1	2.2	0.4	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.6	1.1
June	-0.2	5.9	-1.0	2.2	-0.1	-1.1	0.7	0.6
July	2.4	-12.0	1.5	-2.3	1.0	-7.1	5.5	-0.2
August	-0.9	5.5	3.7	0.1	6.1	-0.5	0.0	0.5
September	1.0	1.8	1.8	-0.1	-5.3	1.7	-0.8	0.5
October	0.0	0.8	-0.2	1.2	-4.6	-0.2	-0.3	0.0
November	1.4	6.3	1.7	0.8	-0.5	2.1	1.3	1.7
	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			•••••	
	TRE	ND ESTIMA	ATES (% c	hange fro	om precedii	ng month	)	
2001								
September	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.2	-0.6	0.7	-0.2	0.5
October	0.7	0.8	1.3	1.0	-0.1	0.5	-0.5	0.5
November	0.7	0.8	1.6	0.9	0.6	0.4	-0.7	0.5
December	0.7	0.7	1.5	0.8	1.4	0.4	-0.4	0.6
2002								
January	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.0	1.9	0.5	0.1	0.7
February	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.2	1.8	0.6	0.7	0.7
March	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.5	1.5	0.5	1.2	0.8
April	0.6	0.4	-0.1	1.6	1.3	0.2	1.4	0.8
May	0.6	0.3	0.1	1.4	1.2	-0.1	1.3	0.7
June	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.7	-0.3	1.0	0.6
	0.6	0.4	1.2	0.5	0.2	-5.9	4.2	0.9
July	0.6	0.6	1.5	0.1	-0.3	-0.1 0.1	0.4 0.2	0.4
August		~ ~ ~				0.1	() ()	0.4
August September	0.6	0.9	1.5	0.1	-0.7			
August		0.9 1.1 1.1	1.5 1.3 1.1	0.1 0.1 0.2	-0.7 -1.1 -1.4	0.1 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.4

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

	FOOD RE	TAILING				CLOTHIN RETAILIN	G & SOFT IG	GOOD	HOUSEHO	)LD GOOD F	RETAILING	
Month	Super- markets & grocery stores	Take- away food retailing	Other food retailing	Total	Depart- ment stores	Clothing retailing	Foot- wear, fabric & other soft good retailing	Total	Furniture & floor covering retailing	Domestic hardware & house- ware retailing	Domestic appliance & recorded music retailing	Total
• • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	••••• \$	MILLION	•••••			• • • • • • •		
2001					Ψ	MILLION	N					
November December 2002	4 077.0 4 427.7	553.8 600.8	953.2 1 218.1	5 583.9 6 246.6	1 320.9 2 235.0	606.2 885.9	279.8 355.9	886.0 1 241.7	438.1 445.8	594.8 697.6	914.7 1 231.6	1 947.7 2 374.9
January February	4 159.0 3 755.7	599.0 509.9	979.4 884.8	5 737.4 5 150.4	1 011.3 824.6	571.3 469.9	296.3 236.8	867.6 706.7	445.4 377.3	574.2 512.7	875.7 753.7	1 895.3 1 643.8
March April May	4 212.2 3 908.3 4 157.1	571.6 574.9 574.6	977.3 924.9 961.8	5 761.1 5 408.1 5 693.4	1 021.8 1 053.6 1 164.1	556.5 592.4 635.7	248.3 271.2 296.9	804.7 863.5 932.6	403.0 432.8 436.2	566.8 545.2 530.8	807.5 838.0 970.3	1 777.3 1 816.0 1 937.4
June July	3 895.5 4 069.5	558.5 592.3	902.4 974.7	5 356.5 5 636.6	1 120.7 1 053.4	574.3 594.8	268.5 273.5	842.8 868.3	450.9 469.4	512.9 528.2	1 000.8 949.6	1 964.6 1 947.2
August September October	4 241.6 4 006.6 4 338.3	577.6 573.3 609.2	974.2 977.2 1 016.1	5 793.5 5 557.1 5 963.7	1 042.8 1 038.1 1 187.7	600.9 616.1 667.3	261.8 270.9 285.4	862.7 887.0 952.7	457.9 447.2 486.3	566.6 590.5 635.8	940.8 878.0 925.5	1 965.3 1 915.7 2 047.6
November	4 335.0	595.2	1 035.7	5 965.8	1 470.3	713.6	290.3	1 003.9	496.7	667.6	964.5	2 128.8
				% CHAN	IGE FROI	M PREC	EDING	MONTH				
2001 November December	1.2 8.6	-2.3 8.5	4.0 27.8	1.3 11.9	19.0 69.2	4.2 46.1	-0.7 27.2	2.6 40.1	2.5 1.7	-0.7 17.3	10.6 34.6	5.0 21.9
2002 January	-6.1	-0.3	-19.6	-8.2	-54.8	-35.5	-16.7	-30.1	-0.1	-17.7	-28.9	-20.2
February March April	-9.7 12.2 -7.2	-14.9 12.1 0.6	-9.7 10.5 -5.4	-10.2 11.9 -6.1	-18.5 23.9 3.1	-17.7 18.4 6.4	-20.1 4.8 9.2	-18.5 13.9 7.3	-15.3 6.8 7.4	-10.7 10.6 -3.8	-13.9 7.1 3.8	-13.3 8.1 2.2
May June	6.4 -6.3	-0.1 -2.8	4.0 -6.2	5.3 –5.9	10.5 -3.7	7.3 –9.7	9.5 –9.6	8.0 –9.6	0.8 3.4	-2.6 -3.4	15.8 3.1	6.7 1.4
July August September	4.5 4.2 –5.5	6.0 -2.5 -0.7	8.0 -0.1 0.3	5.2 2.8 –4.1	-6.0 -1.0 -0.4	3.6 1.0 2.5	1.9 -4.3 3.5	3.0 -0.6 2.8	4.1 -2.5 -2.3	3.0 7.3 4.2	-5.1 -0.9 -6.7	-0.9 0.9 -2.5
October November	8.3 -0.1	6.3 –2.3	4.0 1.9	7.3 0.0	14.4 23.8	8.3 6.9	5.4 1.7	7.4 5.4	8.7 2.1	7.7 5.0	5.4 4.2	6.9 4.0
		% CH/	ANGE F	ROM CO	RRESPO	NDING	монтн	OF PRE	VIOUS Y	EAR		
2001 November December	9.9 5.4	3.8 4.3	16.4 12.2	10.3 6.5	9.4 4.3	9.1 6.3	4.0 -4.5	7.4 3.0	7.7 10.2	19.3 12.7	14.4 14.5	14.3 13.1
<b>2002</b> January February	10.7	5.2	20.5	11.6 7.1	5.9 3.4	14.0	7.2	11.6	19.5	18.0	15.4	17.1
March April	6.0 7.1 4.4	1.1 0.3 6.5	16.5 13.7 10.3	7.4 5.6	2.6 3.8	13.3 7.6 4.5	9.7 -1.1 14.0	12.1 4.8 7.3	12.9 5.8 15.2	19.0 19.1 17.0	7.8 9.5 22.4	12.2 11.5 19.0
May June July	7.8 4.5 7.3	8.4 5.6 7.9	15.7 10.9 18.9	9.1 5.6 9.2	5.9 11.7 –2.7	5.4 1.7 11.1	16.2 10.7 6.3	8.6 4.4 9.5	11.6 5.3 10.2	12.9 9.1 12.0	24.6 19.4 13.0	18.2 13.1 12.0
August September	6.4 4.1	5.1 5.7	15.9 16.7	7.8 6.3	10.7 4.7	17.2 14.6	8.8 9.7	14.5 13.1	11.9 15.5	10.9 14.2	11.5 10.7	11.4 12.9
October November	7.7 6.3	7.5 7.5	10.8 8.7	8.2 6.8	7.0 11.3	14.6 17.7	1.3 3.7	10.3 13.3	13.7 13.4	6.1 12.2	11.9 5.4	10.4 9.3

(a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.

	RECREATIONAL GOOD										
	RETAILING			OTHER RE	TAILING		HOSPITAL	ITY & SER	VICES		
		••••••	•••••			•••••				•••••	
				Dhamaa							
	Maura	Othor		Pharma-							
	News-	Other recre-		ceutical, cosmetic			Hotels	Cafes			
	paper, book &	ational			Other		Hotels	Cales &			
				& toilotn					Solootod		Total all
M = = + +	stationery retailing	goods retailing	Total	toiletry retailing	retailing n.e.c.	Total	licensed clubs	restau- rants	Selected services	Total	Total all industries
Month	retaining	retaining	Totai	retaining	<i>n.e.</i>	Totai	ciubs	Tants	SEIVICES	TOLAI	industries
					\$ MILLI	ON					
2001											
November	358.4	230.3	588.7	660.3	960.3	1 620.6	1 283.5	716.6	227.9	2 228.0	14 175.9
December	435.1	375.0	810.1	772.0	1 408.3	2 180.3	1 415.4	776.7	259.8	2 451.9	17 540.6
2002											
January	368.5	207.7	576.2	577.0	819.1	1 396.1	1 261.9	673.3	243.9	2 179.1	13 663.0
February	357.6	173.2	530.7	552.5	763.4	1 315.9	1 170.3	629.5	220.3	2 020.0	12 192.2
March	384.3	204.9	589.2	595.1	835.4	1 430.6	1 286.7	695.3	234.6	2 216.6	13 601.2
April	369.7	191.1	560.8	635.8	802.5	1 438.3	1 264.8	674.9	241.1	2 180.8	13 321.2
May	385.6	194.2	579.8	682.9	865.8	1 548.7	1 285.6	689.9	255.5	2 231.0	14 086.9
June	356.1	190.7	546.8	634.4	775.8	1 410.2	1 254.1	658.1	249.5	2 161.7	13 403.2
July	395.2	196.3	591.4	634.6	717.5	1 352.1	1 358.8	800.8	221.6	2 381.3	13 830.3
August	433.1	208.2	641.3	628.0	770.9	1 399.0	1 374.5	839.8	226.2	2 440.4	14 144.9
September	386.0	199.8	585.9	611.6	778.1	1 389.6	1 344.4	792.7	215.8	2 353.0	13 726.4
October	371.6	208.2	579.8	610.5	863.7	1 474.2	1 338.9	834.2	240.8	2 414.0	14 619.7
November	370.4	246.5	616.9	617.7	950.0	1 567.7	1 361.9	864.4	240.8	2 464.2	15 217.7
November	370.4	240.5	010.9	017.7	950.0	1 307.7	1 301.9	004.4	251.9	2 404.2	15 217.7
• • • • • • • • • • •											
			% CF	ANGE FF	ROM PRI	ECEDING	MONTH				
0004											
2001											
November	2.6	17.5	8.0	1.4	9.6	6.1	0.4	0.9	2.9	0.8	4.1
December	21.4	62.8	37.6	16.9	46.7	34.5	10.3	8.4	14.0	10.0	23.7
2002											
January	-15.3	-44.6	-28.9	-25.3	-41.8	-36.0	-10.8	-13.3	-6.1	-11.1	-22.1
February	-3.0	-16.6	-7.9	-4.2	-6.8	-5.7	-7.3	-6.5	-9.7	-7.3	-10.8
March	7.5	18.3	11.0	7.7	9.4	8.7	9.9	10.5	6.5	9.7	11.6
April	-3.8	-6.7	-4.8	6.8	-3.9	0.5	-1.7	-2.9	2.8	-1.6	-2.1
May	4.3	1.6	3.4	7.4	7.9	7.7	1.6	2.2	6.0	2.3	5.7
June	-7.7	-1.8	-5.7	-7.1	-10.4	-8.9	-2.4	-4.6	-2.3	-3.1	-4.9
July	11.0	2.9	8.2	0.0	-7.5	-4.1	8.3	21.7	-11.2	10.2	3.2
August	9.6	6.1	8.4	-1.0	7.4	3.5	1.2	4.9	2.1	2.5	2.3
September	-10.9	-4.0	-8.6	-2.6	0.9	-0.7	-2.2	-5.6	-4.6	-3.6	-3.0
October	-3.7	4.2	-1.0	-0.2	11.0	6.1	-0.4	5.2	11.6	2.6	6.5
November	-0.3	18.4	6.4	1.2	10.0	6.3	1.7	3.6	-1.2	2.1	4.1
	0.0	10.1	0.1	1.2	10.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	1.2	2.1	
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •			• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
	%	CHANGE	E FROM	CORRESI	PONDIN	G MONTH	H OF PRE	VIOUS	YEAR		
2001											
November	1.3	1.8	1.5	12.8	10.9	11.6	8.5	4.2	6.9	6.9	9.8
		3.7	2.7								
December	1.7	5.7	2.1	10.2	13.4	12.3	3.8	3.8	2.6	3.6	6.9
2002	4.0	1.0			10.0				0.0	0.5	
January	4.2	-1.2	2.2	8.8	10.2	9.6	6.8	-3.8	9.0	3.5	9.9
February	3.8	-3.1	1.4	6.8	5.3	5.9	7.6	-3.1	9.6	4.3	6.9
March	3.5	3.2	3.4	4.6	8.7	7.0	5.1	-6.1	4.3	1.2	6.1
April	17.9	-1.8	10.4	10.6	6.7	8.4	9.0	-3.9	13.5	5.1	7.6
May	16.4	2.7	11.4	8.6	9.1	8.9	10.6	-3.3	21.4	7.0	9.7
June	8.8	-2.7	4.5	5.2	5.6	5.4	6.2	-2.2	18.0	4.7	6.8
July	13.8	1.7	9.5	-0.6	-6.1	-3.6	8.2	11.1	3.0	8.7	7.1
August	19.9	6.7	15.3	-5.5	-3.0	-4.2	6.8	13.2	5.4	8.8	8.0
September	19.0	1.9	12.6	-1.7	-3.0	-2.4	5.3	14.6	1.2	7.9	7.0
October	6.4	6.3	6.4	-6.2	-1.4	-3.5	4.8	17.5	8.8	9.3	7.3
November	3.3	7.0	4.8	-6.5	-1.1	-3.3	6.1	20.6	4.4	10.6	7.3
• • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •

(a) See paragraph 5 of Explanatory Notes.



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By State

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Month	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		••••
			ORIG	INAL (\$ r	nillion)				
2001									
September	4 490.1	3 053.4	2 445.5	953.5	1 217.2	255.7	139.6	274.7	12 829.8
October	4 724.5	3 299.7	2 560.6	1 006.3	1 323.8	273.5	147.4	286.9	13 622.6
November	4 911.5	3 435.2	2 633.0	1 063.6	1 391.9	293.3	146.4	301.0	14 175.9
December	6 120.0	4 302.7	3 241.6	1 296.3	1 693.6	359.1	154.9	372.4	17 540.6
2002	4 716.5	2 074 0	2 613.8	1 010 4	1 2 4 7 4	00F C	101 1	077.0	12 662 0
January February	4 200.7	3 271.2 2 952.7	2 613.8 2 269.3	1 019.4 918.5	1 347.1 1 211.5	285.6 259.6	131.4 120.7	277.9 259.3	13 663.0 12 192.2
March	4 200.7 4 641.7	2 952.7 3 317.9	2 209.3 2 541.1	1 052.5	1 334.0	259.0	120.7	259.5 287.8	13 601.2
April	4 602.3	3 244.5	2 479.3	1 008.3	1 287.2	289.1	137.0	287.8	13 321.2
May	4 876.2	3 399.1	2 645.1	1 062.7	1 363.0	292.4	150.9	205.1	14 086.9
June	4 585.2	3 254.6	2 555.5	1 002.1	1 289.1	275.0	151.3	286.0	13 403.2
July	4 807.5	3 303.3	2 660.9	1 031.6	1 307.5	272.2	161.7	285.6	13 830.3
August	4 938.2	3 328.4	2 705.4	1 067.4	1 361.2	281.0	164.9	298.4	14 144.9
September	4 820.0	3 219.2	2 667.5	1 029.2	1 282.2	269.6	152.1	286.6	13 726.4
October	5 082.4	3 407.2	2 829.2	1 093.4	1 449.4	297.9	153.2	306.9	14 619.7
November	5 298.3	3 582.2	2 897.2	1 151.9	1 501.6	313.1	150.7	322.7	15 217.7
• • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••••••				•••••••••	• • • • • • • •		••••
		51	EASONALLY	ADJUSI	ED (\$ m	lillon)			
2001									
September	4 676.2	3 222.1	2 504.3	990.8	1 284.1	273.1	136.5	285.5	13 372.5
October	4 710.5	3 277.9	2 540.4	1 010.1	1 293.5	276.8	142.1	287.1	13 538.4
November	4 708.8	3 260.3	2 542.5	994.3	1 320.8	277.2	144.4	288.9	13 537.2
December	4 730.4	3 273.9	2 568.9	1 003.6	1 320.3	279.3	138.8	287.0	13 602.1
2002									
January	4 741.1	3 340.0	2 576.8	1 032.8	1 365.7	287.2	147.3	292.1	13 783.1
February	4 747.7	3 348.2	2 577.4	1 051.7	1 340.9	283.2	144.2	295.5	13 788.7
March	4 763.6	3 378.7	2 619.3	1 054.9	1 350.1	284.2	145.2	293.1	13 889.0
April	4 826.0	3 408.1	2 644.5	1 066.9	1 356.3	289.2	148.0	295.6	14 034.6
May	4 889.4	3 422.3	2 685.3	1 073.5	1 377.8	293.0	149.2	296.3	14 186.8
June	4 912.5	3 476.9	2 685.9	1 076.8	1 381.1	293.8	149.9	300.9	14 277.8
July	4 951.3 5 011 6	3 409.7 3 401 5	2 721.5	1 073.0	1 368.1	291.6	150.5	287.1	14 252.8 14 324.5
August September	5 011.6 5 015.6	3 401.5 3 404.5	2 710.6 2 761.1	1 081.5 1 084.0	1 374.3 1 380.7	292.6 289.7	149.3 150.3	303.1 303.1	14 324.5
October	5 015.8	3 366.3	2 761.1	1 084.0	1 401.5	289.7	130.3 147.2	303.1	14 389.0
November	5 139.5	3 300.3 3 417.6	2 703.5 2 817.1	1 074.0	1 401.5	290.0	147.2	303.4 308.9	14 384.0
November	5 139.5	5 417.0	2 817.1	1 087.9	1 413.3	299.4	147.9	308.9	14 031.0
•••••	••••••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••			• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••
			TREND ES	STIMATES	(\$ milli	on)			
2001									
September	4 675.1	3 238.2	2 522.9	993.4	1 286.5	273.8	139.7	284.7	13 414.4
October	4 696.0	3 253.7	2 532.3	999.0	1 301.8	275.8	140.7	286.8	13 486.1
November	4 711.0	3 272.0	2 543.7	1 006.2	1 316.3	278.1	141.8	288.5	13 557.5
December	4 723.6	3 294.5	2 558.0	1 016.2	1 328.8	280.3	142.9	289.9	13 634.2
2002									
January	4 738.3	3 322.5	2 575.5	1 029.0	1 340.2	282.6	144.0	291.7	13 723.8
February	4 758.7	3 353.6	2 596.4	1 042.8	1 350.0	284.9	145.2	293.3	13 825.0
March	4 787.7	3 383.5	2 619.4	1 055.5	1 357.5	287.2	146.4	294.4	13 931.6
April	4 826.3	3 409.4	2 643.9	1 065.6	1 363.0	289.2	147.7	295.2	14 040.3
May	4 869.2	3 425.4	2 668.1	1 072.2	1 367.1	290.7	148.9	295.7	14 137.2
June	4 912.4	3 428.5	2 690.6	1075.4	1 371.1	291.6	149.6	296.3	14 215.4
July	4 953.3	3 422.8	2 711.4	1077.3	1 375.9	292.4	149.8	297.6	14 280.4
August	4 991.2	3 413.1	2 731.6	1079.1	1 381.3	293.1	149.6	299.5	14 338.4
September	5 028.1	3 403.6	2 752.9	1 080.7	1 387.9	293.9	149.2	301.8	14 398.2
October	5 064.6	3 396.2	2 774.8	1 082.3	1 395.4	295.0	148.7	304.2	14 460.9
November	5 098.8	3 390.4	2 795.5	1 083.7	1 402.5	296.1	148.1	306.7	14 519.9



### RETAIL TURNOVER PERCENTAGE CHANGE, By State

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Month	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Austral
			INAL (% c					• • • • • • • • •	
2001				-		-			
September	-1.4	-2.7	-2.1	-1.7	-2.2	-2.7	-9.0	-0.4	-2
October	5.2	8.1	4.7	5.5	8.8	6.9	5.6	4.4	6
November	4.0	4.1	2.8	5.7	5.1	7.3	-0.7	4.9	4
December	24.6	25.3	23.1	21.9	21.7	22.4	5.8	23.7	23
2002									
January	-22.9	-24.0	-19.4	-21.4	-20.5	-20.5	-15.2	-25.4	-22
February	-10.9	-9.7	-13.2	-9.9	-10.1	-9.1	-8.2	-6.7	-10
March	10.5	12.4	12.0	14.6	10.1	11.4	13.6	11.0	1:
April	-0.8	-2.2	-2.4	-4.2	-3.5	-4.1	1.6	-1.6	-2
May	6.0	4.8	6.7	5.4	5.9	5.5	8.4	5.0	5
June	-6.0	-4.3	-3.4	-5.3	-5.4	-6.0	0.3	-3.8	_4
July	4.8	1.5	4.1	2.5	1.4	-1.0	6.8	-0.1	3
August	2.7	0.8	4.1	3.5	4.1	-1.0	2.0	4.5	
0									
September	-2.4	-3.3	-1.4	-3.6	-5.8	-4.1	-7.8	-4.0	-3
October	5.4	5.8	6.1	6.2	13.0	10.5	0.7	7.1	(
November	4.2	5.1	2.4	5.3	3.6	5.1	-1.6	5.1	
• • • • • • • • • • •	SEAS	SONALLY	′ ADJUSTE	D (% cha				•••••	
2001					-		-		
September	0.8	0.7	-0.2	-0.1	0.9	0.2	-2.0	1.0	
October	0.7	1.7	1.4	2.0	0.7	1.4	4.1	0.6	
November	0.0	-0.5	0.1	-1.6	2.1	0.2	1.6	0.6	
December	0.5	-0.5	1.0	-1.0	0.0	0.2		-0.7	
002	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.0	0.8	-3.9	-0.7	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	6.4	1.0	
January	0.2	2.0	0.3	2.9	3.4	2.8	6.1	1.8	
February	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.8	-1.8	-1.4	-2.1	1.2	
March	0.3	0.9	1.6	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	-0.8	
April	1.3	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.5	1.8	1.9	0.8	
May	1.3	0.4	1.5	0.6	1.6	1.3	0.8	0.3	
June	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.5	
July	0.8	-1.9	1.3	-0.4	-0.9	-0.8	0.4	-4.6	-
August	1.2	-0.2	-0.4	0.8	0.5	0.4	-0.8	5.6	
September	0.1	0.1	1.9	0.2	0.5	-1.0	0.7	0.0	
October	0.3	-1.1	0.1	-0.9	1.5	2.4	-2.1	0.1	
November	2.2	1.5	1.9	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.5	1.8	
								• • • • • • • • •	
	11	REND ES	TIMATES	(% change	e from pr	eceaing r	nontn)		
001	-								
September	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.9	
October	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.7	0.8	0.7	
November	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.6	
December	0.3	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.5	
2002									
January	0.3	0.8	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	(
February	0.4	0.9	0.8	1.3	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.5	(
March	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.4	(
April	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.3	
May	0.9	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.2	
June	0.9	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	
July	0.9	-0.2	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	
July									
	0.8	-0.3	0.7 0.8	0.2 0.2	0.4	0.2	-0.1	0.7	
August				0.2	0.5	0.3	-0.3	0.8	
September	0.7	-0.3							
0	0.7 0.7 0.7	-0.3 -0.2 -0.2	0.8 0.8 0.7	0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.5	0.4 0.4	-0.3 -0.4	0.8 0.8	

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Food Department good good good Other and retailing retailing retailing retailing retailing services Total Month stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2001 September 1 730.3 347.3 273.0 511.6 181.9 494.7 951.2 4 490.1 1 838.1 390.2 293.1 539.9 185.7 534.8 942.7 4 724.5 October 1 849.2 572.4 205.4 578.4 946.7 4 911.5 November 459.1 300.3 December 2 086.3 792.5 434.0 718.0 268.6 792.2 1 028.3 6 120.0 2002 January 1 930.5 351.7 312.6 559.5 187.7 480.7 893.9 4 716.5 February 1 713.7 290.9 254.8 472.0 180.9 455.2 833.2 4 200.7 March 350.5 284.4 207.0 495.0 4 641.7 1 893.5 517.1894.3 April 1 795.4 364.4 283.7 503.4 912.3 545.7 197.3 4 602.3 1 868.8 420.1 587.1 540.8 942.1 4 876.2 Mav 317.3 200.0 June 1 767.6 381.1 271.9 585.4 188.3 483.9 906.9 4 585.2 1 862.0 361.2 202.9 476.3 982.0 4 807.5 July 297.0 626.1 August 1 908.7 367.2 292.7 630.7 223.5 499.8 1 015.7 4 938.2 September 1 849.5 364.5 304.0 611.7 197.2 504.2 989.1 4 820.0 October 1 980.8 417.2 329.1 647.2 186.6 513.6 1 007.9 5 082.4 1 971.9 507.9 345.1 5 298.3 November 685.1 210.9 564.0 1 013.4 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2001 285.0 540.5 September 1 780.4 384.9 191.2 526.8 967.2 4 676.2 October 1 815.6 405.3 292.2 540.4 194.7 529.8 932.6 4 710.5 November 1 819.7 398.2 287.7 541.4 196.8 531.9 932.9 4 708.8 December 1 822.1 407.8 299.1 560.3 195.5 539.4 906.2 4 730.4 2002 January 399.2 196.3 4 741.1 1 870.7 317.0 560.1 513.7 884.1 February 1 854.1 412.7 322.9 526.7 200.2 521.4 909.7 4 7 4 7.7 4 763.6 1 863.7 408.1 307.6 546.9 209.6 537.6 890.1 March April 1 848.3 401.4 297.0 601.0 204.4 536.6 937.3 4 826.0 May 1 885.1 418.2 592.5 208.3 533.2 951.3 4 889.4 300.8 June 1 866.0 444.4 294.4 600.1 210.2 533.8 963.5 4 912.5 July 1 934.6 381.2 310.0 632.9 206.1 502.7 983.7 4 951.3 1 901.9 August 407.1 315.9 634.1 221.5 526.6 1 004.5 5 011.6 September 1 924.3 418.3 321.9 638.1 201.9 519.5 991.6 5 015.6 October 1 928.5 422.7 641.1 197.7 513.7 1 004.2 5 031.1 323.1 November 1 955.2 442.4 331.6 661.5 205.8 535.6 1 007.4 5 139.5 TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2001 September 1 786.3 392.1 284.3 543.4 193.5 528.2 946.9 4 675.1 October 1 804.4 395.9 288.3 544.0 194.1 530.4 939.6 4 696.0 1 821.5 295.5 544.0 194.9 4 711.0 November 399.8 531.2 925.8 1 836.5 403.0 303.1 545.1 196.5 531.3 4 723.6 December 911.3 2002 1 847.2 405.5 308.3 548.1 198.9 531.7 901.7 4 738.3 January February 1 854.6 407.6 309.8 553.7 201.4 532.3 901.3 4 758.7 March 1 860.7 408.9 308.0 563.3 204.0 532.5 910.6 4 787.7 April 1 867.8 410.0 304.9 577.0 206.7 531.7 926.9 4 826.3 May 1 876.8 410.5 302.5 592.8 209.0 529.4 946.5 4 869.2 June 1 887.7 410.9 303.1 608.5 210.0 526.0 965.3 4 912.4 July 1 900.7 412.2 307.3 621.8 209.6 522.6 980.1 4 953.3 August 1 913.7 415.0 313.5 631.6 208.4 520.3 991.1 4 991.2 September 1 925.3 419.1 319.5 640.2 206.9 520.0 999.2 5 028.1 October 1 935.7 424.1 324.8 647.6 205.2 521.0 1 005.1 5 064.6 November 1 943.2 428.5 329.1 654.8 203.4 522.8 1 009.5 5 098.8

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

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Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Food Department good good good Other and retailing retailing retailing retailing retailing Total Month stores services . . . . . . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2001 September 1 273.4 245.8 195.7 464.3 118.8 348.3 407.2 3 053.4 1 342.3 274.3 221.1 520.2 130.2 368.6 442.8 3 299.7 October 1 378.2 322.5 225.8 530.2 138.8 390.9 448.8 3 435.2 November December 1 546.4 563.8 316.7 648.2 195.1 528.6 503.8 4 302.7 2002 January 1 385.9 247.9 209.5 505.3 140.1 347.1 435.3 3 271.2 February 1 255.9 203.0 180.3 444.1 121.7 327.8 419.8 2 952.7 March 1 406.9 484.9 348.3 468.4 3 317.9 261.2 213.3 135.0 April 250.3 495.2 126.4 357.7 430.9 1 310.9 273.3 3 2 4 4.5 1 384.8 512.4 138.7 388.8 429.6 3 399.1 Mav 287.1 257.9 June 1 301.6 295.2 233.0 534.3 126.7 343.8 420.0 3 254.6 1 377.2 261.0 233.4 502.4 145.1 304.7 479.5 July 3 303.3 August 1 412.8 246.4 230.6 496.2 154.6 319.8 468.1 3 328.4 September 1 365.1 247.3 236.2 478.3 138.1 318.1 436.0 3 219.2 October 1 460.6 285.3 252.2 514.0 141.3 334.5 419.3 3 407.2 November 1 483.9 364.2 265.6 536.2 3 582.2 147.2 350.6 434.5 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2001 485.7 360.9 September 277.6 214.7 126.7 425.4 3 222.1 1 331.1 October 1 328.3 283.4 222.9 512.2 133.1 355.5 442.4 3 277.9 November 1 334.6 286.2 214.3 495.5 131.8 359.1 438.8 3 260.3 December 1 329.3 285.0 217.2 495.2 128.2 372.2 446.6 3 273.9 2002 286.3 223.5 135.0 3 340.0 Januarv 1 360.9 500.1 388.0 446.3 February 1 356.1 287.7 228.7 498.4 139.0 382.6 455.8 3 348.2 144.9 1 373.7 292.1 229.9 516.3 372.7 449.1 3 378.7 March April 1 377.4 294.0 240.0 536.4 138.9 379.2 442.3 3 408.1 May 1 388.1 298.6 241.9 524.9 146.7 393.9 428.3 3 422.3 June 1 394.9 320.4 241.1 547.4 143.2 378.5 451.5 3 476.9 July 1 411.3 277.1 244.8 521.7 151.9 323.3 479.6 3 409.7 August 1 404.4 283.0 256.9 516.3 159.4 325.2 456.2 3 401.5 September 1 428.1 288.9 257.0 507.5 145.1 329.6 448.2 3 404.5 October 3 366.3 1 432.5 290.0 254.1 503.3 147.0 422.2 317.1 November 1 448.3 320.5 254.6 497.4 138.4 328.9 429.2 3 417.6 . TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2001 September 1 322.2 280.5 215.0 492.1 130.1 361.4 434.1 3 238.2 October 1 327.8 282.1 216.3 496.8 130.0 363.8 436.8 3 253.7 1 334.5 498.6 130.9 366.8 3 272.0 November 283.4 217.8 441.0 December 1 342.0 285.0 499.6 370.8 445.2 3 294 5 220.1 132.7 2002 1 350.4 287.1 223.5 502.6 135.2 375.8 447.1 3 322.5 January February 1 359.8 289.9 227.5 508.9 137.6 380.2 446.9 3 353.6 March 1 369.6 292.7 231.7 517.2 140.2 382.4 446.0 3 383.5 April 1 379.1 295.0 236.3 525.4 143.1 382.7 447.1 3 409.4 May 1 387.8 295.5 240.7 530.7 146.1 381.6 449.9 3 425.4 1 396.2 June 294.5 244.7 530.6 148.3 379.8 452.6 3 428.5 July 1 405.2 293.2 248.3 525.7 149.5 327.8 453.4 3 422.8 August 1 414.7 292.9 251.4 518.4 149.6 (b)326.3 451.4 3 413.1 September 1 424.2 294.2 253.9 511.0 148.7 325.0 446.5 3 403.6 October 1 433.2 296.9 255.8 504.3 147.0 324.1 440.2 3 396.2 November 1 440.7 300.3 257.1 499.1 144.7 323.3 434.0 3 390.4

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) Break in series. See the 'Trend Estimates' section of the Explanatory Notes.

### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)-Queensland

Department stores 170.6 189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9 181.3	and soft good retailing ORIGIN 165.7 180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5 145.6	Household good retailing AL (\$ mil 327.5 358.3 394.3 472.8 395.3	Recreational good retailing lion) 102.8 111.7 114.1 160.9	Other retailing 240.9 257.0 274.0	Hospitality and services 436.3 419.7	Total
stores 170.6 189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	retailing ORIGIN 165.7 180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	retailing AL (\$ mil 327.5 358.3 394.3 472.8	retailing lion) 102.8 111.7 114.1	retailing 240.9 257.0	services 436.3	
189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	165.7 180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	327.5 358.3 394.3 472.8	102.8 111.7 114.1	257.0		2 445 5
189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	165.7 180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	327.5 358.3 394.3 472.8	102.8 111.7 114.1	257.0		2 445 5
189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	358.3 394.3 472.8	111.7 114.1	257.0		2 445 5
189.0 219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	180.0 174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	358.3 394.3 472.8	111.7 114.1	257.0		
219.1 374.4 178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	174.5 246.0 179.3 128.5	394.3 472.8	114.1			2 560.6
178.0 134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	179.3 128.5		160.9		418.4	2 633.0
134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	128.5	395.3		383.0	457.8	3 241.6
134.8 167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9	128.5	395.3				
167.4 168.1 188.3 183.9			120.8	245.1	414.4	2 613.8
168.1 188.3 183.9	145.6	343.6	105.9	227.4	365.7	2 269.3
188.3 183.9		364.4	113.6	250.5	408.8	2 541.1
183.9	151.1 165.4	363.8 394.3	114.1 116.1	243.5 263.7	412.5 428.4	2 479.3 2 645.1
	105.4 157.5	403.2	113.2	253.4	428.4	2 555.5
	160.5	417.7	109.9	252.9	460.8	2 660.9
183.0	162.8	422.2	122.5	246.8	472.9	2 705.4
186.3	177.2	424.5	124.0	245.5	461.3	2 667.5
204.3	184.4	424.3	120.4	299.0	485.9	2 829.2
247.9	191.2	434.1	121.3	307.7	504.6	2 897.2
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			• • • • • • • •
SEAS	UNALLY A	ADJUSTED	(\$ million	)		
175.6	161.1	342.4	107.0	251.3	442.1	2 504.3
193.7	169.3	357.8	111.7	254.9	413.1	2 540.4
193.0 199.0	167.7 174.9	376.6 375.9	106.7 111.0	257.1 270.8	401.3 390.7	2 542.5 2 568.9
199.0	174.9	575.9	111.0	210.8	390.7	2 306.9
192.7	173.6	379.9	118.0	256.0	410.4	2 576.8
190.3	160.9	381.3	120.1	266.8	411.0	2 577.4
195.7	170.9	381.7	120.3	275.9	413.3	2 619.3
196.0	166.0	399.2	125.8	262.7	435.0	2 644.5
201.6	168.6	407.3	126.9	268.3	438.8	2 685.3
200.8	167.2	420.9	124.8	264.7	434.6	2 685.9
190.3	162.3	424.2	118.0	261.5	472.6	2 721.5
						2 710.6
						2 761.1
						2 763.5 2 817.1
210.1	103.0	421.5	110.2	289.0	401.0	2 017.1
TR	END ESTI	MATES (\$	6 million)			•••••
186.2	164.2	350.8	109.9	253.8	427.3	2 522.9
188.6	166.7	359.0	109.6	255.8	417.4	2 532.3
191.0	168.9	366.8	110.5	258.6	408.6	2 543.7
193.0	170.0	373.3	112.6	261.8	403.7	2 558.0
						2 575.5
						2 596.4
						2 619.4
						2 643.9 2 668.1
						2 690.1
						2 711.4
199.6	169.7	426.2	123.4	263.5	464.3	2 731.6
202.1	172.3	427.9	122.5	268.3	471.2	2 752.9
205.2	175.2	428.4	121.5	274.2	477.0	2 774.8
	177.8	427.8	120.6	280.0	482.0	2 795.5
	200.0 201.0 201.8 218.1 186.2 188.6 191.0 193.0 194.5 195.4 195.8 196.3 196.8 196.3 196.8 197.2 198.1 199.6 202.1	200.0 171.0 201.0 172.6 201.8 173.1 218.1 183.8 TREND ESTI 186.2 164.2 188.6 166.7 191.0 168.9 193.0 170.0 194.5 170.2 195.4 169.4 195.8 168.0 196.3 166.9 196.8 166.2 197.2 166.5 198.1 167.8 199.6 169.7 202.1 172.3 205.2 175.2	200.0 171.0 423.9 201.0 172.6 438.3 201.8 173.1 423.1 218.1 183.8 421.5 TREND ESTIMATES (3 186.2 164.2 350.8 188.6 166.7 359.0 191.0 168.9 366.8 193.0 170.0 373.3 194.5 170.2 378.8 195.4 169.4 384.2 195.8 168.0 390.2 196.3 166.9 398.0 196.8 166.2 407.3 197.2 166.5 416.1 198.1 167.8 422.5 199.6 169.7 426.2 202.1 172.3 427.9 205.2 175.2 428.4	200.0       171.0       423.9       124.7         201.0       172.6       438.3       128.9         201.8       173.1       423.1       118.6         218.1       183.8       421.5       118.2         TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million)         186.2       164.2       350.8       109.9         188.6       166.7       359.0       109.6         191.0       168.9       366.8       110.5         193.0       170.0       373.3       112.6         194.5       170.2       378.8       115.8         195.4       169.4       384.2       119.2         195.8       166.9       390.2       122.0         196.3       166.9       398.0       123.7         196.8       166.2       407.3       124.6         197.2       166.5       416.1       124.5         198.1       167.8       422.5       124.1         199.6       169.7       426.2       123.4         202.1       172.3       427.9       122.5         205.2       175.2       428.4       121.5	200.0       171.0       423.9       124.7       245.9         201.0       172.6       438.3       128.9       263.8         201.8       173.1       423.1       118.6       287.1         218.1       183.8       421.5       118.2       289.0         TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million)         TREND TRESTIMATES (\$ million)         186.2       164.2       350.8       109.9       253.8         188.6       166.7       359.0       109.6       255.8         191.0       168.9       366.8       110.5       258.6         193.0       170.0       373.3       112.6       261.8         194.5       170.2       378.8       115.8       264.7         195.4       169.4       384.2       119.2       267.1         195.8       166.0       390.2       122.0       268.1         196.3       166.9       398.0       123.7       266.9         196.8       166.2       407.3       124.6       264.1         197.2       166.5       416.1       124.5       261.7         198.1       167.8       422.5       124.1       261.2	200.0       171.0       423.9       124.7       245.9       461.2         201.0       172.6       438.3       128.9       263.8       473.3         201.8       173.1       423.1       118.6       287.1       470.3         218.1       183.8       421.5       118.2       289.0       487.0         TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million)         TREND 164.2       350.8       109.9       253.8       427.3         188.6       166.7       359.0       109.6       255.8       417.4         191.0       168.9       366.8       110.5       258.6       408.6         193.0       170.0       373.3       112.6       261.8       403.7         194.5       170.2       378.8       115.8       264.7       403.9         195.4       169.4       384.2       119.2       267.1       409.0         195.8       166.0       390.2       122.0       268.1       417.6         196.3       166.9       398.0       123.7       266.9       428.0         196.8       166.2       407.3       124.6       264.1       438.2         197.2       166.5       416.1

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

#### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—South Australia

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Food Department good good good Other and retailing retailing retailing retailing retailing services Total Month stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2001 September 403.0 82.1 45.8 113.8 24.2 131.1 153.6 953.5 422.8 48.7 128.1 25.2 135.2 154.6 1 006.3 October 91.6 438.3 51.5 134.2 29.7 137.4 158.2 1 063.6 November 114.4 December 486.4 184.3 69.0 156.9 45.0 172.6 182.1 1 296.3 2002 January 440.0 86.8 48.9 128.0 28.2 117.0 170.6 1 019.4 February 392.6 69.9 39.9 119.0 26.1 113.0 158.2 918.5 March 452.2 90.7 50.2 122.3 30.6 128.6 177.9 1 052.5 April 414.0 89.3 53.8 128.9 24.2 132.5 165.7 1 008.3 May 440.9 97.7 56.0 140.8 24.7 138.0 164.7 1 062.7 June 406.9 97.3 54.9 136.3 22.7 129.2 159.2 1 006.4 July 438.1 91.8 53.2 131.8 28.3 113.3 175.2 1 031.6 August 458.9 88.7 50.9 128.4 31.4 122.9 186.3 1 067.4 September 429.7 87.0 51.9 127.9 30.0 119.7 183.1 1 029.2 October 463.4 97.8 59.0 140.7 32.5 118.1 181.9 1 093.4 November 464.6 125.9 149.6 1 151.9 64.2 33.2 127.0 187.4 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2001 48.3 990.8 September 417.2 90.1 120.3 24.6 134.9 155.3 October 424.1 97.1 48.4 122.2 26.4 136.4 155.5 1 010.1 November 421.0 98.6 48.2 122.5 26.9 128.0 149.2 994.3 December 424.9 99.0 48.8 122.3 28.9 126.4 153.3 1 003.6 2002 427.7 99.4 129.6 28.8 126.0 168.5 1 032.8 Januarv 52.7 February 431.0 98.4 53.9 135.8 29.6 130.8 172.2 1 051.7 134.3 432.3 100.2 53.7 29.9 133.2 1 054.9 March 171.4 April 437.4 98.2 52.4 138.8 28.4 137.3 174.3 1 066.9 May 440.8 100.5 53.3 142.2 27.3 137.4 172.0 1 073.5 June 436.0 107.4 55.0 141.9 25.8 137.4 173.3 1076.8 July 456.8 92.3 53.9 136.9 29.9 120.7 182.6 1 073.0 449.5 August 98.7 55.0 128.8 32.6 127.6 189.3 1 081.5 September 452.7 99.6 55.9 134.7 31.4 124.2 185.6 1 084.0 October 450.8 134.0 1074.6 101.9 58.2 118.0 33.0 178.7 November 452.4 106.2 59.2 138.9 31.6 119.0 180.6 1 087.9 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2001 September 417.6 94.8 48.2 120.1 26.8 131.9 154.0 993.4 October 420.6 95.8 48.6 121.1 26.8 131.3 154.8 999.0 423.1 49.3 123.0 130.1 156.4 1 006.2 November 97.1 27.3 December 425.5 50.3 125.7 28.1 129.1 159.3 1 016.2 98.3 2002 427.8 99.1 51.4 129.2 28.8 129.5 163.3 1 029.0 January February 430.2 99.4 52.4 133.0 29.0 131.1 167.3 1 042.8 March 433.1 99.4 53.2 136.5 28.8 133.1 170.8 1 055.5 April 436.5 99.3 53.6 138.8 28.3 134.7 173.5 1 065.6 440.4 134.6 May 99.3 53.7 139.4 28.2 176.0 1 072.2 June 444.1 99.4 54.0 28.6 132.5 138.4 178.2 1 075.4 July 447.3 99.8 54.6 136.8 29.5 129.3 180.5 1077.3 August 449.9 100.4 55.5 135.5 30.5 125.8 182.4 1 079.1 September 451.7 101.2 56.4 134.6 31.5 122.8 183.4 1 080.7 October 452.9 102.2 57.4 134.4 32.3 120.2 183.6 1 082.3 November 453.6 103.2 58.3 134.4 32.9 118.2 183.4 1 083.7 

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



#### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Western Australia

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Food Department good good good Other and retailing retailing retailing retailing Total Month stores retailing services . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2001 September 534.7 96.4 65.5 182.4 62.2 139.9 136.0 1 217.2 566.4 108.4 77.9 201.5 61.0 158.6 149.9 October 1 323.8 577.1 140.1 87.0 205.7 65.9 163.6 152.5 1 391.9 November December 654.9 211.8 112.8 245.5 90.9 202.3 175.3 1 693.6 2002 January 599.8 95.7 74.2 202.6 65.7 138.7 170.5 1 347.1 February 547.4 83.3 63.1 172.8 61.8 129.5 153.7 1 211.5 March 608.0 100.3 68.7 135.5 167.2 69.1 185.3 1.334.0 April 566.7 104.2 79.3 177.4 66.6 129.7 163.1 1 287.2 May 596.5 112.7 85.8 66.5 142.0 1 363.0 193.3 166.1June 558.8 105.7 79.3 194.1 63.9 131.7 155.6 1 289.1 July 579.3 104.4 82.5 168.1 71.1 128.4 173.7 1 307.5 August 604.1 104.8 83.8 179.1 73.8 130.9 184.7 1 361.2 September 568.0 100.3 78.4 170.3 64.6 124.2 176.3 1 282.2 October 630.1 122.3 86.9 206.5 67.2 131.1 205.2 1 449.4 November 641.3 149.1 1 501.6 91.5 207.1 70.0 134.5 208.0 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2001 September 561.3 108.8 73.2 188.3 66.5 144.8 141.1 1 284.1 October 560.9 108.7 76.0 195.4 60.6 149.0 142.9 1 293.5 November 565.5 124.8 78.4 193.2 65.7 148.5 144.8 1 320.8 December 572.5 110.9 80.4 191.0 66.9 145.2 153.4 1 320.3 2002 79.2 202.3 67.2 170.6 1 365.7 Januarv 590.0 111.9 144.6 February 583.9 112.8 77.0 192.3 68.0 143.6 163.4 1 340.9 72.5 142.1 1 350.1 587.7 112.7 76.7 196.2 162.2 March April 586.8 114.5 81.9 192.2 69.4 142.3 169.3 1 356.3 May 596.9 113.3 79.0 199.2 69.3 147.8 172.2 1 377.8 June 597.2 117.9 82.9 196.3 68.9 148.0 170.0 1.381.1 July 603.0 110.5 85.3 177.6 70.8 138.9 182.0 1 368.1 597.8 August 114.6 89.6 182.6 72.9 134.1 182.6 1 374.3 September 609.0 119.6 88.0 182.3 69.4 129.3 183.2 1 380.7 October 615.8 1 401.5 121.5 85.9 195.2 69.1 123.4 190.6 November 625.4 128.8 81.6 192.1 66.4 120.8 198.2 1 413.3 TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2001 September 557.3 110.0 75.1 196.9 64.8 143.0 140.6 1 286.5 October 562.7 110.1 76.5 196.8 65.0 145.5 144.3 1 301.8 568.0 110.5 195.9 65.4 146.7 148.2 November 77.6 1 316.3 194.9 572.4 111.2 66.3 146.2 152.0 1.328.8 December 78.2 2002 (b)582.8 112.0 78.5 195.2 67.5 145.2 (b)162.7 1 340.2 January February 586.0 112.7 78.5 195.9 68.7 144.6 165.2 1 350.0 March 588.7 113.1 78.7 196.1 69.5 144.5 167.0 1 357.5 April 591.1 113.3 79.6 195.0 70.0 144.8 168.6 1 363.0 May 593.5 113.4 81.3 192.5 70.3 144.6 170.2 1 367.1 189.6 142.9 June 596.4 113.9 83.4 70.5 172.3 1 371.1 July 600.4 115.1 85.2 187.4 70.4 139.4 (b)179.4 1 375.9 August 604.8 117.0 86.2 186.3 70.2 134.9 183.0 1 381.3 September 609.6 119.3 86.5 186.4 69.8 130.0 186.6 1 387.9 October 614.5 121.9 86.3 187.5 69.2 125.6 190.1 1 395.4 November 618.7 124.4 85.8 188.6 68.5 121.5 193.3 1 402.5

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) Break in series. See the 'Trend Estimates' section of the Explanatory Notes.



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)-Tasmania

			Clothing					
			and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
			ORIGIN	IAL (\$ mill	lion)			
2001								
September	115.6	np	14.2	38.5	13.8	np	28.4	255.7
October	117.5	np	16.6	42.3	14.9	np	29.4	273.5
November	119.6	np	20.1	45.5	17.2	np	31.4	293.3
December	132.7	np	26.3	56.5	24.9	np	34.1	359.1
2002	100.0		177	40.0	16.0		21.7	
January February	126.0 114.4	np np	17.7 16.7	42.8 38.4	16.9 16.6	np np	31.7 29.4	285.6 259.6
March	127.5	np	18.2	42.1	16.6	np	29.4 31.6	239.0
April	119.3	np	18.9	43.4	14.6	np	28.8	277.2
May	124.5	np	20.7	45.9	15.3	np	29.4	292.4
June	116.6	np	18.4	46.9	14.4	np	27.4	275.0
July	115.1	np	14.8	44.3	14.3	np	28.7	272.2
August	119.4	np	15.3	47.0	14.8	np	29.5	281.0
September	112.7	np	14.3	44.7	13.7	np	29.7	269.6
October	125.6	np	14.4	49.0	14.2	np	32.8	297.9
November	124.1	np	18.1	49.6	15.7	np	35.1	313.1
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		•••••	•••••	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • •
		SEAS	SONALLY	ADJUSTED	(\$ million)			
2001								
September	121.0	np	16.4	39.9	15.7	np	31.4	273.1
October	117.9	np	18.4	41.0	15.7	np	30.1	276.8
November December	117.5 118.1	np	17.9 18.3	42.5 43.1	16.2 16.4	np	29.8 29.3	277.2 279.3
2002	110.1	np	10.5	43.1	10.4	np	29.5	219.5
January	122.4	np	18.9	44.6	16.0	np	29.1	287.2
February	120.6	np	19.1	43.8	16.7	np	29.7	283.2
March	120.1	np	18.9	44.6	17.1	np	28.3	284.2
April	124.7	np	18.2	45.5	15.7	np	28.8	289.2
May	123.3	np	19.4	46.7	16.2	np	30.0	293.0
June	123.1	np	19.0	47.5	16.5	np	30.9	293.8
July	121.4	np	16.2	47.3	16.0	np	32.2	291.6
August	120.5	np	17.5	48.2	16.3	np	32.4	292.6
September October	118.8	np	16.4	47.2	15.5	np	32.5	289.7
November	123.0 123.5	np	15.9 16.2	47.3 46.8	15.0 15.3	np	33.3 33.9	296.6 299.4
November	123.5	np	10.2	40.8	15.5	np	55.9	299.4
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••		REND EST	IMATES (\$	million)			• • • • • • • •
0001					inition,			
2001 September	119.7	~~~	16.0	40.7	15.7		c nc	070 0
October	119.7	np np	16.9 17.5	40.7 41.4	15.7	np np	30.3 30.0	273.8 275.8
November	119.2	np	17.5	41.4 42.1	16.1	np	29.8	275.8 278.1
December	119.2	np	18.5	42.9	16.3	np	29.5	280.3
2002								
January	119.9	np	18.8	43.7	16.4	np	29.1	282.6
February	121.0	np	18.9	44.4	16.4	np	28.9	284.9
March	122.1	np	19.0	45.1	16.4	np	29.0	287.2
April	122.7	np	18.9	45.7	16.4	np	29.4	289.2
May	122.7	np	18.6	46.4	16.3	np	30.0	290.7
June	122.3	np	18.1 17.6	47.0	16.2	np	30.8	291.6
July August	121.8 121.4	np	17.6 17.0	47.4 47.5	16.0 15.9	np	31.6 32.3	292.4 293.1
September	121.4	np np	17.0 16.6	47.5 47.5	15.9	np np	32.3 32.8	293.1 293.9
October	121.3	np	16.2	47.4	15.5	np	33.3	295.9
November	121.4	np	15.8	47.2	15.2	np	33.7	295.0
					-			

np not available for publication but included in totals where (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

applicable, unless otherwise indicated



#### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Northern Territory

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Other Food Department good good good and retailing retailing retailing retailing retailing services Total Month stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2001 September 63.9 25.6 139.6 np 8.1 16.3 4.7 np October 67.1 8.2 19.6 4.7 25.9 147.4 np np November 65.3 19.1 4.5 27.0 146.4 8.1 np np December 64.9 10.1 21.8 5.4 24.4 154.9 np np 2002 January 61.3 np 6.8 17.8 4.9 np 21.5 131.4 February 56.9 np 5.8 16.2 4.7 19.4 120.7 np March 65.8 17.5 5.2 22.9 137.0 np 6.1 np April 65.3 18.2 4.9 22.7 139.3 np 6.4 np May 71.5 7.6 18.7 5.2 25.1 150.9 np np June 70.3 7.6 19.3 5.2 25.1 151.3 np np July 76.4 8.6 16.2 5.8 27.7 161.7 np np August 77.8 np 8.5 17.8 6.2 np 27.4 164.9 September 72.2 7.9 17.0 5.5 24.8 152.1 np np October 73.4 np 7.8 16.6 5.1 np 26.4 153.2 November 70.0 16.3 26.0 150.7 np 8.0 4.9 np . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2001 September 62.3 7.7 136.5 16.4 4.5 24.8 np np October 65.6 7.8 18.7 4.7 24.5 142.1 np np November 66.6 7.7 18.7 4.6 25.5 144.4 np np December 63.3 np 7.4 18.7 4.8 np 24.4 138.8 2002 67.4 19.4 5.4 25.1 147.3 Januarv 7.8 np np February 65.8 np 7.7 18.3 5.4 np 24.6 144.2 67.2 18.5 24.5 145.2 March 7.3 5.3 np np April 68.2 7.3 18.7 5.3 24.3 148.0 np np May 69.3 8.0 18.2 5.2 24.5 149.2 np np 68.7 June np 7.7 19.0 5.2 np 24.3 149.9 July 71.0 np 7.7 16.5 5.6 24.5 150.5 np 149.3 August 70.3 np 7.6 17.9 5.7 np 24.0 September 71.2 np 7.7 17.1 5.5 np 24.4 150.3 October 24.6 71.4 7.3 16.1 5.0 147.2 np np November 71.0 7.7 15.6 4.9 24.6 147.9 np np . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2001 September 63.5 np 7.7 18.0 4.6 np 25.1 139.7 October 64.2 np 7.7 18.2 4.6 np 25.1 140.7 64.9 7.7 18.5 25.0 141.8 November np 4.8 np December 65.6 18.7 24.8 142.9 np 7.6 4.9 np 2002 66.1 7.6 18.8 5.1 24.7 144.0 January np np February 66.6 np 7.6 18.8 5.2 24.7 145.2 np March 67.3 7.6 18.7 5.3 24.6 146.4 np np April 68.0 np 7.6 18.5 5.3 np 24.5 147.7 68.8 148.9 May np 7.6 18.4 5.4 np 24.4 June 69.5 18.1 5.4 24.3 149.6 np 7.7 np July 70.1 7.7 17.7 5.4 24.3 149.8 np np August 7.7 70.6 np 17.3 5.4 24.4 149.6 np September 70.9 np 7.6 16.8 5.3 np 24.4 149.2 October 71.2 np 7.6 16.4 5.2 np 24.5 148.7 148.1 November 71.4 np 7.5 16.0 5.1 np 24.5 

np not available for publication but included in totals where

here (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

applicable, unless otherwise indicated



### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Australian Capital Territory

			and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Tota
			ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)			
2001								
September	107.5	22.9	16.6	42.9	12.0	30.1	42.8	274.
October	114.2	25.8	18.0	44.5	11.8	28.1	44.5	286.
November	117.4	29.9	18.8	46.4	13.2	30.3	45.1	301.
December	128.2	53.1	26.8	55.1	19.3	43.9	46.0	372.
2002	110.1	00 F	40.0		11.0	05.0	44.0	077
January	113.1	23.5 20.2	18.6	44.1 37.7	11.8	25.6 23.8	41.3 40.8	277. 259.
February March	106.2 116.3	20.2	17.6 17.8	43.6	13.0 12.5	23.8 27.5	40.8 45.6	259. 287.
April	110.3	24.4	20.0	43.4	12.5	27.3	44.8	287.
May	117.2	28.2	20.0	45.0	13.3	26.1	45.7	200.
June	111.7	27.3	20.1	45.0	12.4	23.3	46.2	286.
July	110.8	24.4	18.3	40.6	14.1	23.8	53.7	285.
August	116.7	24.1	18.1	43.9	14.4	25.3	55.9	298.
September	111.6	24.0	17.1	41.3	12.7	27.4	52.6	286.
October	118.8	27.5	18.7	49.4	12.5	25.4	54.6	306.
November	119.7	33.8	20.2	50.8	13.7	29.4	55.2	322.
	• • • • • • • •	SEAS			(\$ million	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	
		SLAS	UNALLI /		(¢ minion	)		
2001	440.0	00.0	10.4	45.0	10.7	00.7	40.7	005
September October	110.6 113.3	26.2 27.2	18.4 18.7	45.2 43.9	12.7 12.5	29.7 27.9	42.7 43.7	285. 287.
November	113.3	27.2	10.7	43.9	12.5	27.9	43.7	287.
December	113.5	27.0	18.6	42.4	13.0	29.2	43.3	287.
2002	110.0	2110	2010		1010	2012	1010	2011
January	113.9	27.2	20.2	43.8	13.7	29.1	44.1	292.
February	114.0	28.0	21.8	42.6	15.0	28.6	45.6	295.
March	114.6	27.2	19.3	45.5	12.6	28.9	45.0	293.
April	116.0	27.3	19.1	47.7	13.6	28.5	43.5	295.
May	115.7	28.1	20.0	46.3	13.6	26.9	45.6	296.
June	116.9	31.3	19.9	47.0	12.6	26.3	46.9	300.
July	112.8 114.5	24.7 27.9	18.0 19.9	40.8 45.7	13.8 14.9	24.7 24.9	52.2 55.3	287. 303.
August September	114.5 116.9	28.9	19.9 19.7	43.7	14.9	24.9 26.8	53.2	303.
October	116.0	28.5	19.2	48.1	13.1	25.3	53.1	303.
November	117.1	29.9	19.9	47.6	13.1	27.5	53.8	308.
		TRI	END ESTI	MATES (\$	6 million)			
2001								
September	110.3	26.9	18.4	44.0	12.8	29.2	43.3	284.
October	112.2	26.9	18.7	43.9	12.8	28.9	43.4	286.
November	113.4	27.0	19.1	43.6	12.9	28.8	43.6	288.
December 2002	114.0	27.1	19.4	43.4	13.2	28.8	44.0	289.
January	114.4	27.3	19.6	43.7	13.5	28.8	44.2	291.
February	114.7	27.5	19.0	44.4	13.6	28.8	44.2	291.
March	115.0	27.6	19.8	45.2	13.6	28.5	44.4	293.
April	115.2	27.7	19.7	45.6	13.5	27.8	45.2	295.
May	115.3	27.8	19.5	45.6	13.5	27.0	46.7	295.
June	115.3	27.9	19.4	45.3	13.6	26.3	48.6	296.
July	115.3	28.0	19.3	45.0	13.7	25.8	50.5	297.
August	115.4	28.3	19.4	45.0	13.7	25.7	52.3	299.
September	115.7	28.6	19.5	45.4	13.7	25.8	53.5	301.
October	116.0	28.9	19.6	46.0	13.6	26.0	54.3	304.
November	116.4	29.1	19.6	46.7	13.4	26.3	54.7	306.

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION	<b>1</b> This publication presents monthly estimates of the value of turnover of retail businesses classified by industry, and by state/territory. The principal objective of the series is to show month to month movement of turnover.
	2 Estimates of turnover contained in this publication are compiled from the Retail Business survey which includes about 6,500 retail and selected service businesses. All 'large' businesses are included in the survey, while a sample of about 4,100 'smaller' businesses is selected. The 'large' business' contribution of approximately 55% of the total estimate ensures a highly reliable Australian total turnover estimate.
SCOPE AND COVERAGE	<b>3</b> The scope of the Retail Business survey is all employing businesses with at least one retail outlet. Like most ABS economic surveys, the frame used for the Retail Business survey is taken from the ABS Business Register which includes registrations to the Australian Taxation Office's (ATO) Pay As You Go Withholding (PAYGW) scheme. Each statistical unit (as defined below) included on the ABS Business Register is classified to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) industry in which it mainly operates. The frame is supplemented with information about business which are classified as non-retail but which have significant retail activity.
	<b>4</b> The frame is updated quarterly to take account of new businesses, businesses which have ceased employing, changes in employment levels, changes in industry and other general business changes. The estimates include an allowance for the time it takes a newly registered business to get on to the survey frame. Businesses which have ceased employing are identified when the ATO cancels their Australian Business Number (ABN) and/or PAYGW registration. In addition, businesses with less than 50 employees which did not remit under the PAYGW scheme in each of the previous five quarters are removed from the frame.
	<ul> <li>5 The following industries included in the survey are as defined in ANZSIC:</li> <li>Food Retailing <ul> <li>Supermarkets and grocery stores (5110) and non-petrol sales of selected</li> <li>convenience stores of petrol stations</li> <li>Takeaway food retailing (5125)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other food retailing <ul> <li>Fresh meat, fish and poultry retailing (5121)</li> <li>Fruit and vegetable retailing (5122)</li> <li>Liquor retailing (5123)</li> <li>Bread and cake retailing (5124)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Specialised food retailing n.e.c. (5129)  Department Stores (5210)  Clothing and Soft Good Retailing Clothing retailing (5221) Footwear, fabric and other soft good retailing Footwear retailing (5222) Fabric and other soft good retailing (5223)
	<ul> <li>Household Good Retailing         <ul> <li>Furniture and floor covering retailing</li> <li>Furniture retailing (5231)</li> <li>Floor covering retailing (5232)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Domestic hardware and houseware retailing (5233)</li> <li>Domestic appliance and recorded music retailing</li> </ul>
	Domestic appliance retailing (5234) Recorded music retailing (5235)

SCOPE AND COVERAGE continued	<ul> <li>Recreational Good Retailing         <ul> <li>Newspaper, book and stationery retailing (5243)</li> <li>Other recreational goods retailing</li> <li>Sport and camping equipment retailing (5241)</li> <li>Toy and game retailing (5242)</li> <li>Photographic equipment retailing (5244)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other Retailing         <ul> <li>Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry retailing (5251)</li> <li>Other retailing n.e.c.</li> <li>Antique and used good retailing (5252)</li> <li>Garden supplies retailing (5253)</li> <li>Flower retailing (5254)</li> <li>Watch and jewellery retailing (5255)</li> <li>Retailing n.e.c. (5259)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hospitality and Services</li> </ul>				
	Hotels and licensed clubs Pubs, taverns and bars (5720) Clubs (Hospitality) (5740) Cafes and restaurants (5730) Selected services Video hire outlets (9511) Hairdressing and beauty salons (9526).				
STATISTICAL UNITS DEFINED ON THE ABS BUSINESS REGISTER	6 The ABS uses an economic statistics units model on the ABS Business Register to describe the characteristics of businesses, and the structural relationships between related businesses. The units model is also used to break groups of related businesses into relatively homogeneous components that can provide data to the ABS.				
	7 In mid 2002, to better use the information available as a result of The New Tax System, the ABS changed its economic statistics units model. The new units model allocates businesses to one of two sub-populations. The vast majority of businesses are in what is called the ATO Maintained Population, while the remaining businesses are in the ABS Maintained Population. Together, these two sub-populations make up the ABS Business Register population.				
ATO Maintained Population	<b>8</b> Most businesses and organisations in Australia need to obtain an ABN, and are then included on the ATO Australian Business Register. Most of these businesses have simple structures; therefore the unit registered for an ABN will satisfy ABS statistical requirements. For these businesses, the ABS has aligned its statistical units structure with the ABN unit. The businesses with simple structures constitute the ATO Maintained Population, and the ABN unit is used as the statistical unit for all economic collections.				
ABS Maintained Population	<b>9</b> For the population of businesses where the ABN unit is not suitable for ABS statistical requirements, the ABS maintains its own units structure through direct contact with each business. These businesses constitute the ABS Maintained Population. This population consists typically of large, complex and diverse businesses. The new statistical units model described below has been introduced to cover such businesses.				

ABS Maintained Population Enterprise Group: This is a unit covering all the operations in Australia of one or more continued legal entities under common ownership and/or control. It covers all the operations in Australia of legal entities which are related in terms of the current Corporations Law (as amended by the Corporations Legislation Amendment Act 1991), including legal entities such as companies, trusts, and partnerships. Majority ownership is not required for control to be exercised. Enterprise: The enterprise is an institutional unit comprising (i) a single legal entity or business entity, or (ii) more than one legal entity or business entity within the same Enterprise Group and in the same institutional sub-sector (ie they are all classified to a single Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia sub-sector). Type of Activity Unit (TAU): The TAU is comprised of one or more business entities, sub-entities or branches of a business entity within an Enterprise Group that can report production and employment data for similar economic activities. When a minimum set of data items are available, a TAU is created which covers all the operations within an industry sub-division (and the TAU is classified to the relevant sub-division of the ANZSIC). Where a business cannot supply adequate data for each industry, a TAU is formed which contains activity in more than one industry sub-division. **10** For more information on the impacts of the introduction of the new economic statistics units model, refer to Information Paper: Improvements in ABS Economic Statistics [Arising from the New Tax System] (cat. no. 1372.0). **11** Prior to the July 2002 reference month, the Retail Business survey used the management unit as the statistical unit. From the July 2002 reference month onwards, the statistical unit is the ABN unit for businesses with simple structures, and the TAU for businesses with complex structures. In most cases, ABN/TAU units concord with the management units previously used. SURVEY METHODOLOGY **12** The survey is conducted monthly by both telephone interview and a questionnaire mailed to businesses. The businesses included in the survey are selected by random sample from a frame stratified by state, industry and business size. For the ABS Maintained Population, the ABS uses reported employment as the measure of business size. For the ATO Maintained Population, for which employment data are not updated on a regular basis, the ABS uses a derived size benchmark. The derived size benchmark is a modelled employment size measure, based primarily on wages and salaries from Business Activity Statements or number of payees from the ATO, which is scaled to be the same magnitude as the previous employment benchmark, using current ABS employment data from the Survey of Employment and Earnings. **13** In the first month of each quarter, some businesses in the sample are replaced, at random, by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across smaller retailers. **14** Most businesses can provide turnover on a calendar month basis and this is how the data are presented. When businesses cannot provide turnover on a calendar month basis, the reported data and the period they relate to are used to estimate turnover for the calendar month. **15** Most retailers operate in a single state/territory. For this reason, estimates of turnover by state/territory are only collected from the larger retailers which are

> included in the survey each month. These retailers are asked to provide turnover for sales from each state/territory in which the business operates. Turnover for the smaller businesses is allocated to the state of their head office or main outlet.

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DEFINITION OF TURNOVER	<b>16</b> Turnover includes retail sales; wholesale sales; takings from repairs, meals and hiring of goods (except for rent, leasing and hiring of land and buildings); commissions from agency activity (e.g. commissions received from collecting dry cleaning, selling lottery tickets, etc.); and net takings from gaming machines etc. From July 2000, turnover includes the Goods and Service Tax.
SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT	<b>17</b> Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series. In the Retail trade series, these calendar related effects are known as seasonal (e.g. increased spending in December as a result of Christmas) and trading day influences (arising from the varying length of each month and the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in each month). Each influence is estimated by separate seasonal and trading day factors which, when combined, are referred to as the combined adjustment factors.
	<b>18</b> The seasonally adjusted estimates also have an allowance for an Easter proximity effect, which is caused when Easter falls late in March or early in April. This effect, when present, is combined with the seasonal and trading day factors to form the combined adjustment factors. There is also a similar allowance for the variable timing of Father's Day. See the Appendix of the July 2001 and August 2002 issues respectively of this publication for more information.
	<b>19</b> The Retail series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the combined adjustment factors. This means that data from the current month are used in estimating seasonal and trading day factors for the current and previous months. For more information see <i>Information Paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series</i> (cat. no. 8514.0).
	<b>20</b> Concurrent adjustment can result in revisions each month to estimates for earlier periods. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the combined adjustment factors for the current month, the previous month and the same month a year ago. The following table shows how the combined adjustment factor for these months, at the total Australian Retail and Hospitality/services level, evolved under the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology. The table presents two different estimates of the combined adjustment factors. The first row gives the combined adjustment factors estimated following the last annual reanalysis in August 2002 using data up to and including the July 2002 reference month. The second row gives the most recent combined adjustment factors estimated and used in this month's calculation of the concurrent seasonally adjusted series.
	COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS
	Nov Oct Nov 2001 2002 2002
	Factors as estimated at last reanalysis(July 2002 reference month)1.045661.021481.03689
	Factors as estimated with current month's data (November 2002 reference month)1.047181.016381.04005

adjustment factors for future months. The latest factors for some future months are shown in the following table. While these factors represent the best current estimate, the actual factors used for estimating the seasonally adjusted estimates in these months will differ because they will incorporate subsequent months' data as it becomes available.

	Dec Jan Feb 2002 2003 2003
	2002 2003 2003 Factors as estimated with current month's data (November 2002 reference month) 1.28719 1.00134 0.88426
	<b>22</b> The seasonal and trading day factors are reviewed annually at a more detailed level than possible in the monthly processing cycle. The annual reanalysis will not normally result in significant changes. For Retail Trade, the results of the latest review are usually shown in the July issue each year, but for 2002 appear in the August issue.
	<ul><li>23 In the seasonal adjustment process, both the seasonal and trading day factors evolve over time to reflect changes in spending and trading patterns. Examples of this evolution include the slow move in spending from December to January; and, increased trading activity on weekends and public holidays. The seasonally adjusted estimates still reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject.</li></ul>
	<b>24</b> As a result of the different treatment of Australian and State totals in the seasonal adjustment process, the Australian total for an industry group may not necessarily equal the sum of the State totals for that industry group.
TREND ESTIMATES	<b>25</b> The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted estimates (7-term for quarterly series). The Henderson moving average is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the moving average have to be applied. The asymmetric moving averages have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series and enable trend estimates for recent periods to be produced. Estimates of the trend will be improved at the current end of the time series as additional observations become available. This improvement is due to the combined effect of the concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology and the application of different asymmetric moving averages for the most recent six months (or three quarters). As a result of the improvement, most revisions to the trend estimates will be observed for the most recent six months (or three quarters).
	<b>26</b> Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. As a result of the introduction of The New Tax System, a break in the monthly trend series has been inserted between June and July 2000. Care should therefore be taken if comparisons span this period. For more details refer to the Appendix in the December 2000 issue of this publication. Further trend breaks have been inserted between June and July 2002 for some series as a result of volatility associated with the introduction of the new statistical infrastructure.
	<b>27</b> For further information on trend estimates, see <i>Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview</i> (cat. no. 1348.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES	<ul> <li>28 The chain volume measures of retail turnover appearing in the quarterly issue of this publication are annually reweighted chain Laspeyres indexes referenced to current price values in a chosen reference year (currently 2000–2001). The reference year is updated in the June publication each year. Each year's data in the Retail chain volume series are based on the prices of the previous year, except for the quarters of the latest incomplete year (i.e. for the 2002–2003 financial year) which are based upon price data for the 2000–2001 financial year. Comparability with previous years is achieved by linking (or chaining) the series together to form a continuous time series.</li> </ul>
RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES	<ul> <li>29 There are two types of error possible in estimates of retail turnover: <i>Sampling error</i> which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all establishments in the survey is given by the standard error, see below. Sampling error may be larger for the first month of each quarter, when some of the businesses in the sample are replaced by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across retailers. <i>Non sampling error</i> which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are: misreporting of data items; deficiencies in coverage; non-response; and processing errors. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures.</li> </ul>
STANDARD ERRORS	<b>30</b> Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates and chain volume measures are also subject to sampling variability. For seasonally adjusted estimates, the standard errors are approximately the same as for the original estimates. For trend estimates, the standard errors are likely to be smaller. For chain volume measures, the standard errors may be up to 10% higher than those for the corresponding current price estimates because of the sampling variability contained in the prices data used to deflate the current price estimates.
	<ul> <li>31 To assist users in assessing the reliability of estimates, each data series has been given a grading of A to E. Where:</li> <li>A represents a relative standard error on level of less than 2%. The published estimates are highly reliable for movement analysis;</li> <li>B represents a relative standard error on level between 2 and 5%, meaning the estimate is reliable for movement analysis purposes;</li> <li>C represents a relative standard error on level between 5 and 10%, meaning users are advised to exercise some caution in interpreting movements for such series;</li> <li>D represents a relative standard error on level between 10 and 15% meaning users are advised to exercise caution in interpreting movements for such series; and</li> <li>E represents a relative standard error on level greater than 15% (mainly affects unpublished state by industry series.</li> </ul>
	<b>32</b> The table below provides an indicator of reliability for key retail turnover estimates.

#### STANDARD ERRORS continued

		_	Clothing	House-	Recrea-			
		Depart-	& soft	hold	tional		Hospit-	
	Food	ment	good	good	good	Other	ality &	
	retailing	Stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
NSW	В	А	В	С	С	С	В	А
Vic.	В	А	С	С	С	С	В	А
Qld	В	A	В	С	С	D	С	В
SA	В	А	В	С	С	С	С	В
WA	В	А	В	С	D	D	С	В
Tas.	В	np	С	С	D	np	С	В
NT	В	np	С	С	E	np	С	В
ACT	В	А	В	С	С	D	С	В
Aust.	А	Α	В	В	В	В	В	А

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p not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

**33** Retail Survey Special Data Service provides additional retail trade statistics which include further State industry dissections through to 'top ten' industry reports. For more information, contact the Retail Trade Special Data Services manager on Canberra 02 6252 5220.

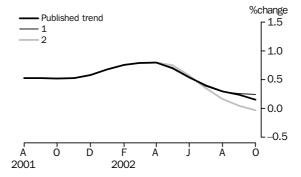
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**34** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site <http://www.abs.gov.au>. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

**1** The most recent trend estimates published in this release are likely to be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. To assist readers of this publication in analysing retail trends, the approximate effect of the two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates of the percentage change in total retail turnover for Australia are presented below. For more information see the trend estimates section of the explanatory notes.

- 1 The December seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% higher than the November estimate.
- 2 The December seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% lower than the November estimate.



TECHNICAL NOTE

2 Under concurrent seasonal adjustment, the most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when original estimates for subsequent months become available. The trend revision is a combined result of the revision of the seasonally adjusted estimates and the revision derived from the use of asymmetric moving averages as future data become available (for more information, refer to paragraph 25 in the explanatory notes). ABS research shows that about 75% of the total revision to the trend estimate at the current end of the time series is due to the use of different asymmetric moving averages when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. To assess the reliability of the trend estimate at the current end, the "what-if" chart presents trend estimates under two different scenarios of the next time period. The chart shows only the impact due to the changes of the asymmetric moving averages and does not include the unknown impact of revision to seasonal factor estimates that would arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available.

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